1. trenchant- keen, sharp; penetrating
2. remonstrance- present reasons to oppose; plead in protest
3. augmented- to make greater, more numerous, larger, or more intense
4. imprecations- to evoke evil on; to utter curses
5. dissuading- to advise against something
6. contumaciously- stubbornly disobedient
7. imperious- commanding; dominant
8. execrating- to put under a curse; detest
9. pilfering- to steal stealthily in small amounts and often again and again
10. exonerated- to relieve of responsibility, obligation, or hardship; clear from blame
11. venerated- to regard with reverential respect or with admiring deference
12. erudition- extensive knowledge acquired chiefly from books
13. perspicuity- plain to the understanding because of clarity and precision of presentation; clear
14. sagaciously- keen in sense perception; wise
15. ablation- the washing of ones body or part of it
16. gourmandizing- glutinous, eating excessively
17. transfixed- frozen in place or time
18. capricious- impulsive
19. ignominiously- humiliatingly
20. adamantine- unyielding, hard in attitude
21. felicitous- fitting, suitable
22. appalled- dismayed, horrified
23. sanguinary- bloody
24. trepidation- anxiety, terror
25. unremunerative- not profitable
26. arraying- a regular and imposing grouping or arrangement
27. benevolent- marked by or disposed to doing good
28. journeyman- a worker who has learned a trade and works for another person
29. surmising- thought based on scanty evidence; conjecture
30. spectre- a visible disembodied spirit
31. valedictory- of or relating to a valediction
32. augur- to foretell, foreshadow
33. beneficent- doing or producing good
34. affront- a deliberate offense
35. corroborate- to support with evidence or authority
36. disengaged- to release from something that engages or involves
37. rustic- lacking in social graces or polish; plain
38. epitaph- an inscription on or at a tomb or a grave in memory of the one buried there
39. vagaries- erratic, unpredictable
40. maudlin- sentimental
41. contention- an act or instance of contending, argue, disagree, dispute
42. pugilistic- boxing
43. imposter- one that assumes false identity or title for the purpose of deception
44. retributive- of, relating to, or marked by retribution, payback, retaliation, revenge
45. benefactor- one that makes a gift
46. aberration- unsoundness or disorder of the mind
47. placable- tolerant; pacify or soothe
48. diabolical- of, relating to, or characteristic of the devil
49. gridiron- something covered with a network; grate
50. lee- protecting shelter
51. propitiation- an atoning sacrifice; to gain or regain favor
52. industry- diligence
53. expostulatory- an act or an instance of expostulating
54. obscurely- shrouded in or hidden by darkness
55. audacious- recklessly bold
56. affable- being pleasant and at ease in talking to others
57. unwonted- being out of the ordinary
58. guileless- innocent, naive
59. dolefully- causing grief or affliction
60. avaricious- greedy of gain
61. compress- press or squeeze
62. unreservedly- not cautious
63. incipient- beginning; to come into being or to become apparent
64. amiable- generally agreeable
65. abashed- embarrassed
66. irrepressible- impossible to repress, restrain or control
67. odious- deserving hatred or repugnance
68. genteel- polite
69. niggardly- grudgingly mean about spending or granting; greedy
70. adversary- having or involving antagonistic parties or opposing interest; enemy
71. spurious- false
72. rankled- to cause anger, irritation, or deep bitterness
73. reticence- reserve, restraint
74. abased- lower in rank/esteem
75. despondency- the state of being despondent, discouraged, despair
76. elocution- a style of speaking in public
77. approbation- an act of approving formally or officially
78. betters- a chain or shackle for the feet
79. cistern- an artificial reservoir for storing liquids and water, such as rain water
80. subordinate- placed in or occupying a lower class, rank, or position
81. turnkeys- one who has charge of a prison’s keys
82. suppliants- asking humbly and earnestly; beg
83. pattens- clog, sandal, or overshoe
84. ostler- one who takes care of horses or mules
85. farthingale- a support worn in the 16th century beneath a skirt to expand it at the hipline
86. interment- the act or ceremony of interring; place the dead in the ground
87. quarries- to dig or take from the ground
88. pilgrimage- a journey of a pilgrim: one the a shrine or scared place
89. union jack- a national ensign of the united kingdom
90. cestus- a symbolic belt worn by a bride
91. wan- suggestive of poor health; pale
92. sconces- brackets for candles placed on a wall
93. ingrate- an ungrateful person
94. beseeching- to beg for urgently or anxiously
95. untenable- not able to be defended
96. dram- a small portion of something to drink
97. prolix- long and wordy
98. dubiously-doubtful
99. uncouth- boorish, discourteous
100. physiognomy- the act of discovering temperament and character from outward appearance; face
101. expatriated- exile
102. pannikins- small pan or cup
103. pretext- alibi, excuse
104. transport- convict sent into banishment
105. vagrancy- the state or action of being vagrant; wandering from place to place, random
106. extenuated- to make light of; make a fault or error less serious
107. insolent- overbearing, bold, brash
108. superciliously- coolly or patronizingly haughty; arrogantly
109. plaited- braided
110. superannuated- obsolete or out-of-date; very old
111. truculent- fierce
112. necromantic- magic
113. tremulous- quivering, trembling
114. blighted- decayed. withered
115. absolve- to set free from obligation or the consequences of guilt; acquit
116. entreated- to make an earnest request; beg or plead
117. commiseration- to feel or express sympathy
118. presentiment- a feeling that something will or is about to happen
119. vestige- a trace, mark, or visible sign left by something vanished or lost
120. retrospectively- affecting things past
121. obdurate- sinister
122. limekiln- a kiln or furnace for reducing limestone or shells to lime by burning
123. malignity- ill will; blight; evil
124. **gainsaying**- to declare to be untrue or invalid; denying
125. **tithe**- to pay or give a tenth part of esp. for the support of the church
126. **hawser**- a large rope for towing, mooring, or securing a ship
127. **vacillating**- to sway or falter
128. **adjured**- to urge or advise earnestly
129. **querulous**- habitually complaining
130. **portentous**- foreshadowing a coming event, omen
131. **exordium**- a beginning or introduction to a speech or composition
132. **discree**- modest; not calling attention to
133. **bagatelle**- any of various games involving the rolling of balls into scoring areas
134. **scourge**- one used to inflict pain or punishment; merciless
135. **proscribed**- to publish the name of as condemned to death with the property of the condemned forfeited to the state
136. **appeals**- petition or plea
137. **malefactors**- one who commits an offense against the law
138. **reconnoiter**- to survey to gain information
139. **festooned**- a decorative fabric or strip hanging between two points
140. **interminable**- having or seeming to have no end
141. **remonstrance**- an earnest presentation of reasons for opposition or grievance
142. **slacken**- lesson; shirk or evade work
143. **assiduity**- persistent personal attention; busy
144. **beguiled**- deceive or hoodwink
145. **transformations**- an act, process, or instance of transforming or being transformed or changed
146. **codicil**- a legal instrument made to modify an earlier will
147. **perplexity**- the state of being perplexed; uncertainty, puzzled
148. **ostentatious**- excessive displaying; showy
149. **irrevocable**- to possible to revoke, impossible to reverse
150. **orthographical**- correct in spelling
151. **evasively**- to dodge or avoid
152. **vestige**- a trace or mark
153. **debilitating**- to weaken